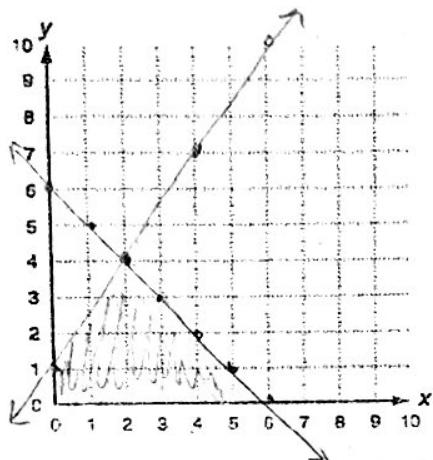


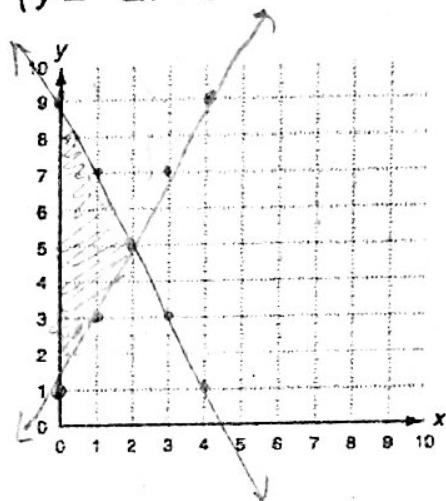
## Linear Programming Graphing Practice #1

Graph each feasible region.

1. 
$$\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \\ y \leq 1.5x + 1 \\ y \leq -x + 6 \end{cases}$$



2. 
$$\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \\ y \geq 2x + 1 \\ y \leq -2x + 9 \end{cases}$$



Solve using the graphs from #1 & 2

3. Maximize  $P = 2x + 5y$  for:

$$\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \\ y \leq 1.5x + 1 \\ y \leq -x + 6 \end{cases}$$

Vertices:  $(0,1)$   $(2,4)$   $(6,0)$   $(0,0)$

$$P(\underline{0}, \underline{1}) = \underline{2(0)+5(1)} = 5$$

$$P(\underline{2}, \underline{4}) = \underline{2(2)+5(4)} = 24$$

$$P(\underline{6}, \underline{0}) = \underline{2(6)+5(0)} = 12$$

$$P(\underline{0}, \underline{0}) = \underline{2(0)+5(0)} = 0$$

Maximum value at  $(2,4)$

4. Minimize  $P = 3x + 6y$  for:

$$\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \\ y \geq 2x + 1 \\ y \leq -2x + 9 \end{cases}$$

Vertices:  $(0,1)$   $(2,5)$   $(0,9)$

$$P(\underline{0}, \underline{1}) = \underline{3(0)+6(1)} = 6$$

$$P(\underline{2}, \underline{5}) = \underline{3(2)+6(5)} = 36$$

$$P(\underline{0}, \underline{9}) = \underline{3(0)+6(9)} = 54$$

Minimum value at  $(0,1)$

## Linear Programming Graphing Practice #2

Do all work on a separate sheet of graph paper.

1.  $p = x + 5y$ , find the maximum profit under these constraints:

$$\begin{cases} x + y \leq 5 \\ x + 2y \leq 8 \\ x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Max (9, 4)

$$x + 5y$$

$$(0,0) \quad 0 + 5(0) = 0$$

$$(0,4) \quad 0 + 5(4) = 20$$

$$(2,3) \quad 2 + 5(3) = 17$$

$$(5,0) \quad 5 + 5(0) = 5$$

2.  $p = 4x - y$ , find the maximum profit under these constraints:

$$\begin{cases} x + y \leq 6 \\ 2x + y \leq 10 \\ x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Max (5, 0)

$$4x - y$$

$$(0,0) \quad 4(0) - 0 = 0$$

$$(0,6) \quad 4(0) - 6 = -6$$

$$(4,2) \quad 4(4) - 2 = 14$$

$$(5,0) \quad 4(5) - 0 = 20$$

3.  $c = 2x + 2y$ , find the minimum costs under these constraints:

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y \leq 6 \\ x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

Min (0, 2)

$$2x + 2y$$

$$(0,6) \quad 2(0) + 2(6) = 12$$

$$(0,2) \quad 2(0) + 2(2) = 4$$

$$(2,2) \quad 2(2) + 2(2) = 8$$

4. If cost is represented by  $c = x + 3y$ , find the minimum costs under these constraints:

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y \leq 8 \\ x \geq 2 \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Min (2, 0)

$$x + 3y$$

$$(2,0) \quad 2 + 3(0) = 2$$

$$(8,0) \quad 8 + 3(0) = 8$$

$$(2,3) \quad 2 + 3(3) = 11$$

5. If profit is represented by  $p = 3x + 4y$ , find the maximum profit under these constraints:

$$\begin{cases} x + y \leq 3 \\ x \geq 0 \\ y \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

Max (1, 2)

$$3x + 4y$$

$$(0,0) \quad 3(0) + 4(0) = 0$$

$$(3,0) \quad 3(3) + 4(0) = 9$$

$$(1,2) \quad 3(1) + 4(2) = 11$$

$$(0,2) \quad 3(0) + 4(2) = 8$$

6. If cost is represented by  $c = 2x + 3y$ , find the minimum costs under these constraints:

$$\begin{cases} x + y \leq 5 \\ x \geq 2 \\ y \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

Min (2, 1)

$$2x + 3y$$

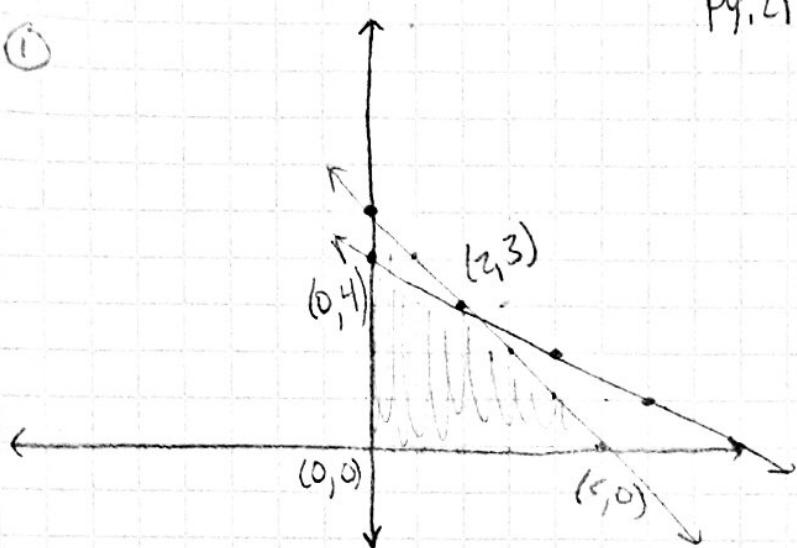
$$(2,1) \quad 2(2) + 3(1) = 7$$

$$(4,1) \quad 2(4) + 3(1) = 11$$

$$(2,3) \quad 2(2) + 3(3) = 13$$

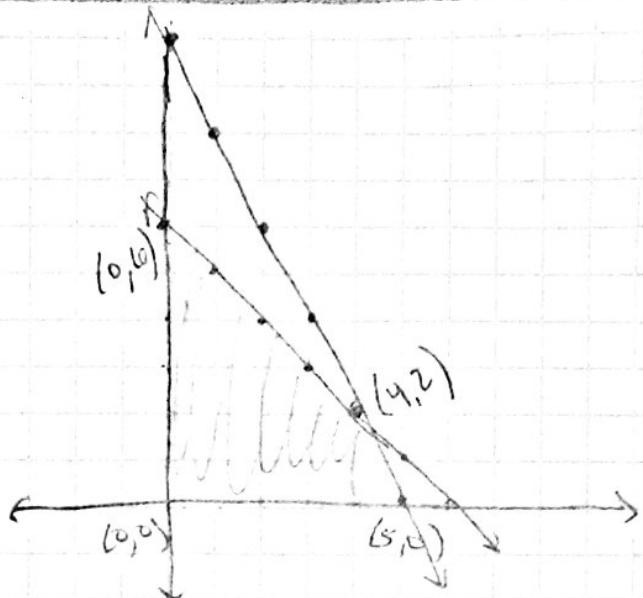
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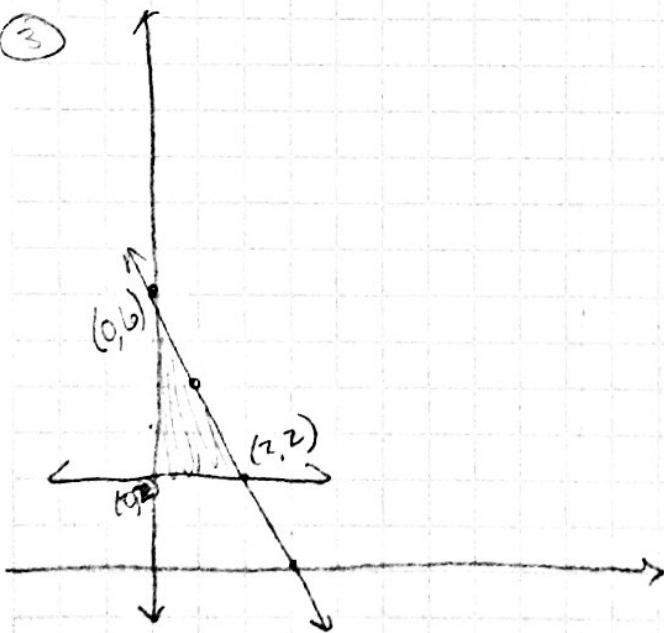


Pg. 21

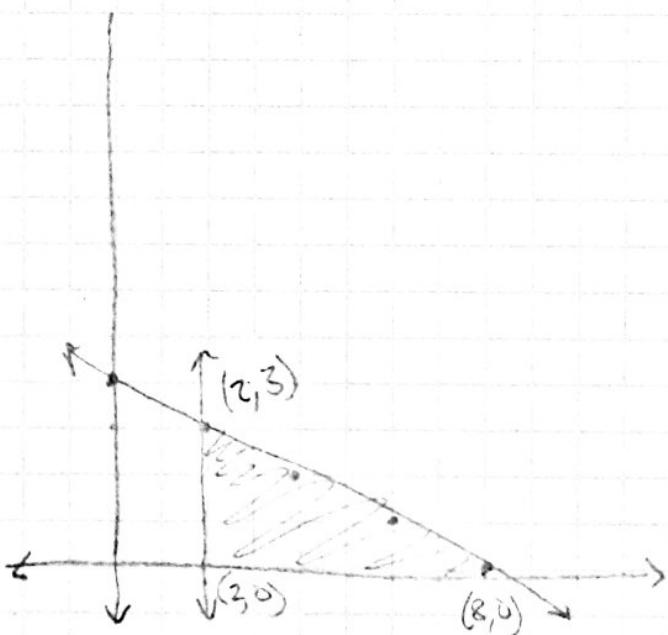
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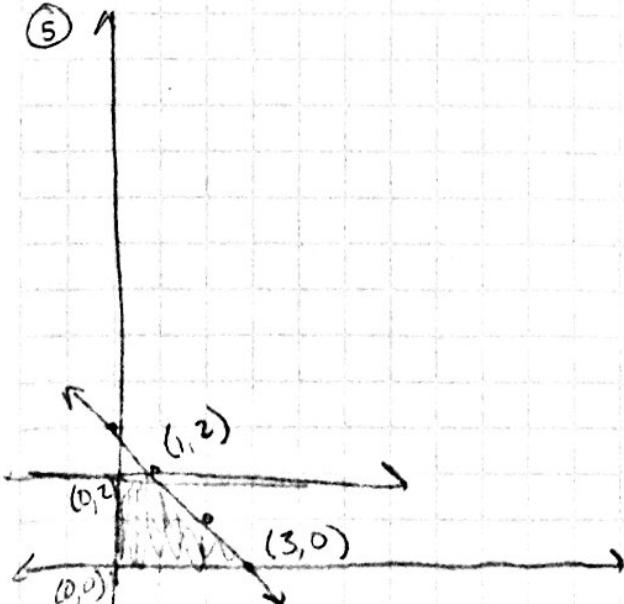
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④



⑤



⑥

